The NIOSH Nanotechnology Research Program

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Commercialization of NanoMaterials 2006

The findings and conclusions in this presentation have not been formally disseminated by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health and should not be construed to represent any agency determination or policy





NIOSH – Introduction

 National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, part of:

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

 Occupational Safety & Health Act (1970) established OSHA & NIOSH



NIOSH, Cincinnati

... To assure safe and healthful working conditions for all working men and women.

NIOSH - research & recommendations OSHA - regulatory & enforcement : Part of the Department of Labor

 NIOSH Nanotechnology Research Center & Steering Committee (since 2004): Strategic planning on research to fill research gaps on occupational health and safety implications & applications of nanomaterials

NIOSH Strategic Goals

- Generate New Knowledge Conduct research to reduce work-related illnesses and injuries.
- Transfer Research into Practice Promote safe and healthy workplaces through interventions, recommendations and capacity building.
- Collaborate Globally Enhance global workplace safety and health through international collaborations.

Nanotechnology: The Challenge

Nanotechnology has great potential

- Revolutionary technology, driver of innovation
- New material properties may yield great benefits

But there is risk

- New hazards and risks with heightened reactivity
- Early results raise concern

Moving forward

- Minimize the risk
- Cover the broad extent of exposure: R&D to uses





Scope of the Challenge

- Nanotechnology is evolving rapidly!
- A \$2.5 trillion business globally by 2014
- An estimated 1 million workers in R&D and production, or using nanomaterials or products.
- The US leads the world in investing and in the number of "Nanotech Companies"
- The global picture is changing!





The Concern: Adverse responses in humans exposed to airborne particles with ultrafine component*

- Lung cancer: elevated in some studies; no dose-response
 Titanium dioxide, carbon black, diesel exhaust, welding fume
- Fibrosis

Beryllium, manganese, welding fume

Obstructive lung disease, respiratory symptoms

Carbon black, air pollution

Cardiovascular effects

Air pollution

• Immunological response: sensitization (dermal route)

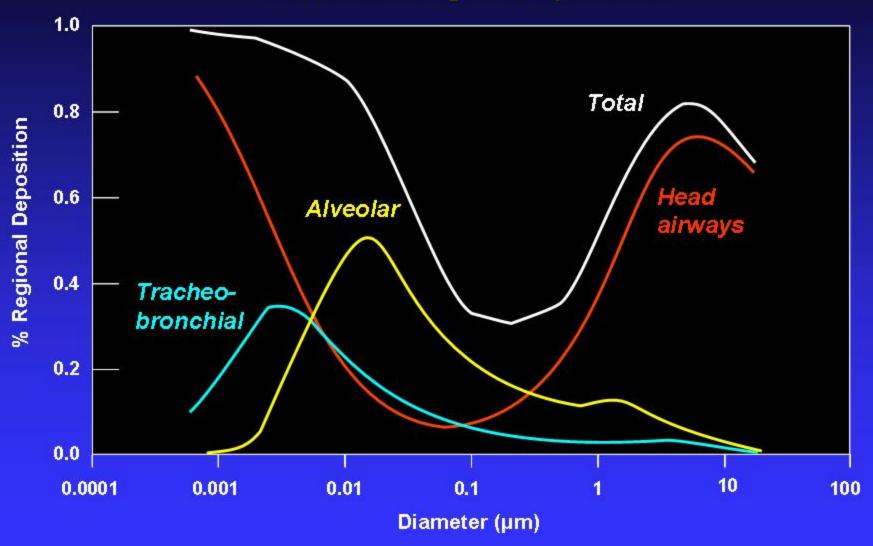
Beryllium

• Neurological, psychomotor (route?)

Manganese

^{*} Role of the ultrafine component is unknown

Predicted Deposition of Inhaled Particles in the Human Respiratory Tract



ICRP (1994) model: light exercise, nose breathing. 0.1-0.5μm: minimal inertial and diffusion deposition mechanisms.

The Reality: Nanotechnology is 'Now'

Selected consumer products



ESPE

Nanosilica Composite

What do we know? What don't we know?

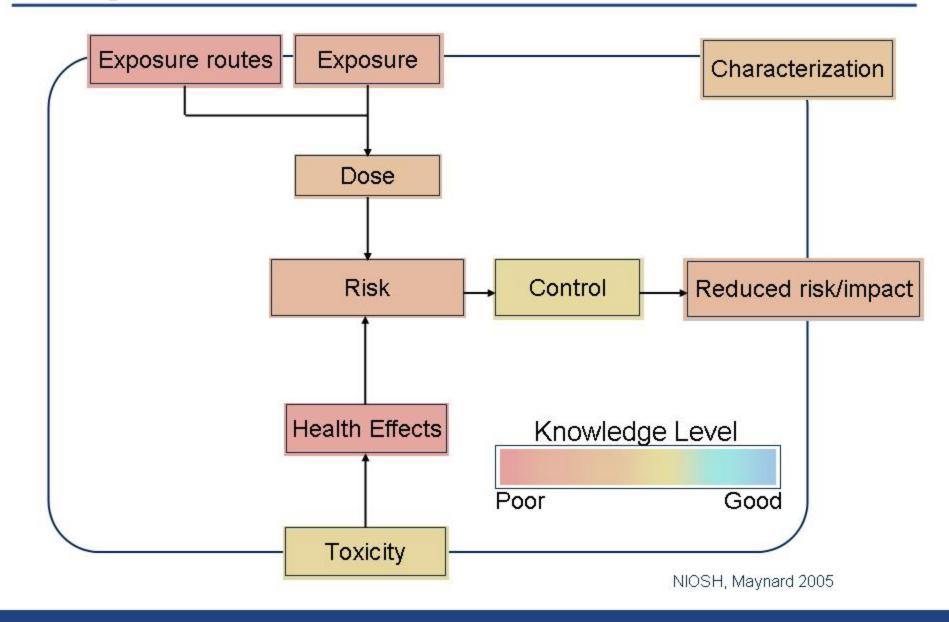
What Do We Know?

- There are no exposure limits specific to nanoparticles
- Health concerns exist
- Nanoparticles can be measured
- HEPA filters are efficient for nanoparticles
- N-95 respirators should provide protection
- A Risk Management Approach and current control approaches should work

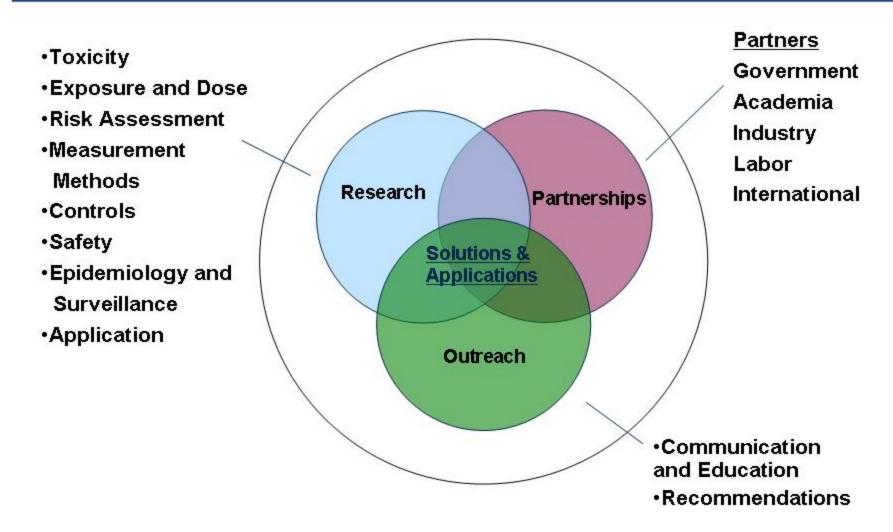
What Don't We Know?

- Actual exposure experience
- Scope of potential exposure
- Specificity of measurements
- Effectiveness of controls
- Actual risk based on hazard (toxicology) and dose (exposure)

Nanotechnology: What Do We Know for Risk Management?



The NIOSH Response: A Strategic Approach to Addressing Ten Critical Issues





Current Projects in the NIOSH Nanotechnology Research Center

Toxicity Studies: Pulmonary and Dermal

Aerosol Generation and Characterization

Dosimetry and Risk Assessment Methods

Exposure Methods Development

Filter Efficiency, Respirators, PPE

Ultrafine TiO₂

Web Page Development

Field Research and Medical Teams: Newest Initiative



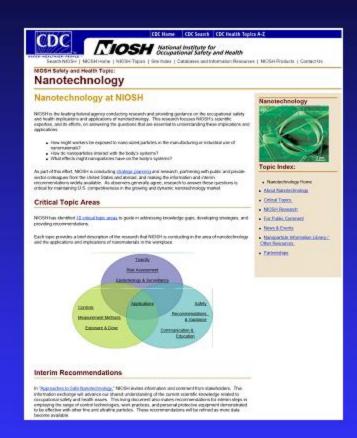


NIOSH Information Resources

Nanotechnology topic page:

www.ede.gov/niosh/topics/nanotech

- NIOSH Position Statement Jan 2005
- NIOSH Nano Strategic Plan Oct 2005
- Nanoparticle Information Library Oct 2005
- TiO₂ Current Intelligence Bulletin Nov 2005
- Approaches to Safe Nanotechnology: An Information Exchange with NIOSH – 2nd version, Aug 2006
- NIOSH exposure field team site visits
- Ongoing research studies and publications



NIOSH Nanotechnology Program

Outreach: Information Exchange

NT Occupational and Environmental Health and Safety: Research to Practice Cincinnati, OH Dec 4-8, 2006 www.uc.edu/noehs/





3rd Int. Symposium on Nanotechnology & OSH Taipei, Taiwan, August, **2007**

VOLUNTEER PARTNERS NEEDED FOR THE NIOSH NANOTECHNOLOGY FIELD RESEARCH EFFORT

The function of the team is to characterize materials, processes, potential worker exposures, work practices, and control procedures in operations where nanomaterials are developed, manufactured, or used; covering the full range from R&D labs to production and use. Information and recommendations will be shared with the business partner being visited and will be used by NIOSH to periodically update the guidance that appears on the Nanotechnology Topic Page. There is no cost to participate.

If your organization is interested in volunteering to participate, please contact us.

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